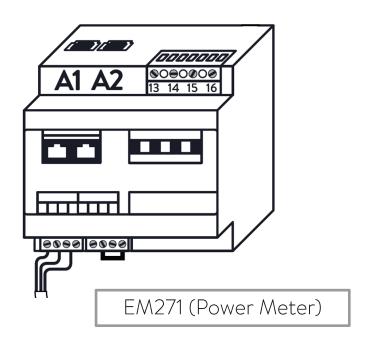
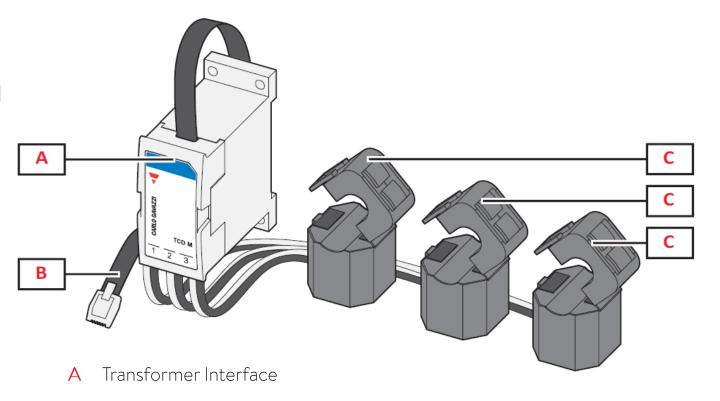
Power Meter and Current Transformer

Overview

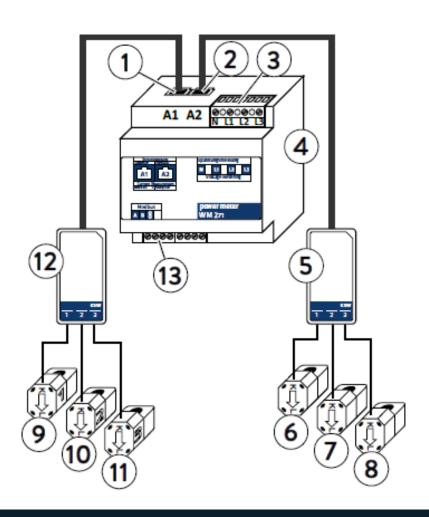
Split core Current Transforms (CT) to be used power analyzer EM271 (Power Meter)





- B Cable with RJ-11 connectors for connection to the EM271 (Power Meter)
- C Split core Current Transformers

Power Meter Overview

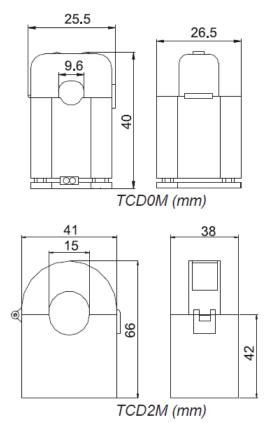


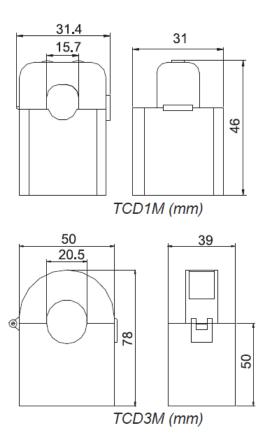
- 1 A1 input for generation
- 2 A2 input for consumption
- 3 Voltage measurement terminal strip
- 4 Power meter
- 5 Transformer interface for consumption
- 6, 7, 8 Clamp-on current transformer for consumption L1, L2, L3
- 9, 10, 11 Clamp-on current transformer for generation L1, L2, L3
- 12 Transformer interface for generation
- 13 Modbus terminal strip

CT Options

- The CTs included in the scope of delivery are 60A.
- 100A, 200A and 400A CT sets can be purchased from sonnen as accessories.

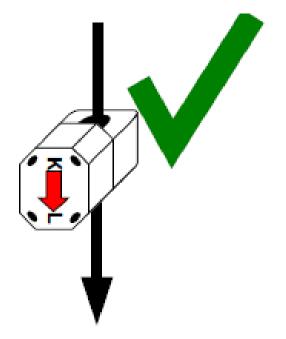
CT types:	
60A: TCD0M	100A: TCD1M
200A: TCD2M	400A: TCD3M

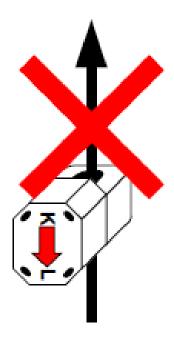




Correct CT Placement- Power Flow

- The split core CTs are clamped across the cables being measured.
- The energy flow direction of the CT must be observed for accurate monitoring.
- The energy flow in the line must run from K to L.

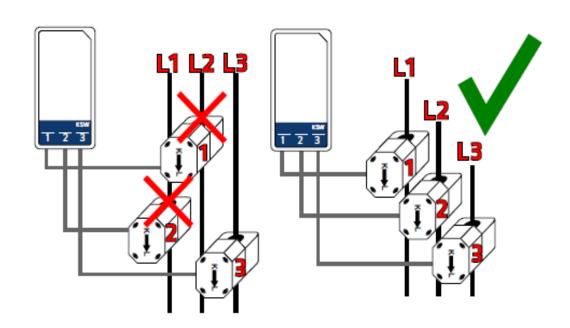


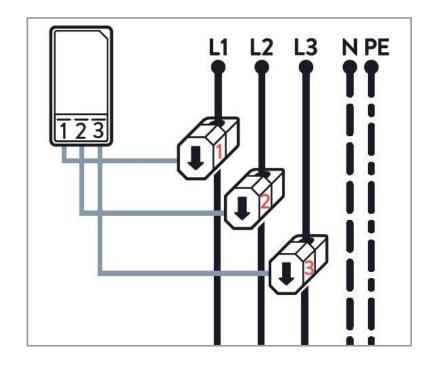


Correct CT Placement- Three-Phase Installation

With a three-phase mains, the clamp-on CT for L1 (marked with number 1) must be connected to phase L1.

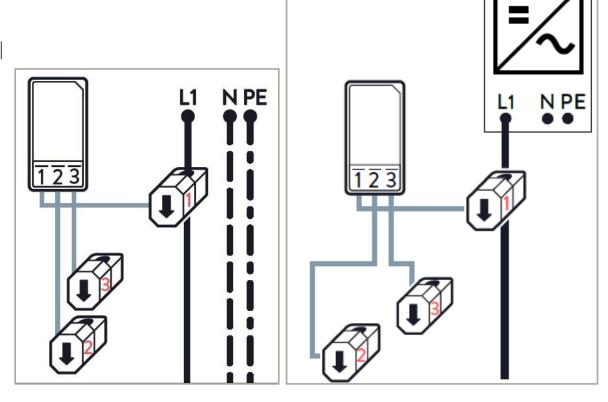
CT#2 must be connected to phase L2 and CT#3 must be connected to phase L3.





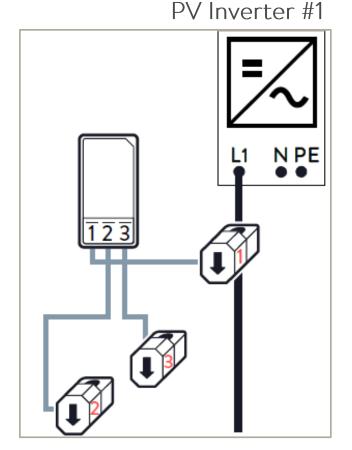
Correct CT Placement- Single-Phase Installation

- With a single-phase setup, either one of the three CTs can be used to measure the current because all CTs use the same voltage reference point.
- The other two clamp-on CTs must <u>not</u> be connected.
- Do not cut off unused CTs.

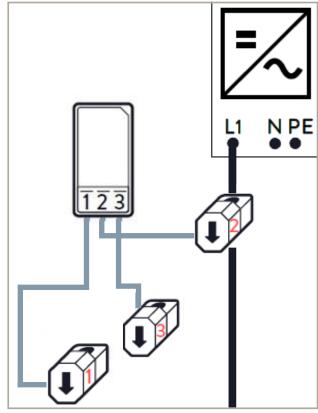


Correct CT Placement- Single-Phase Installation

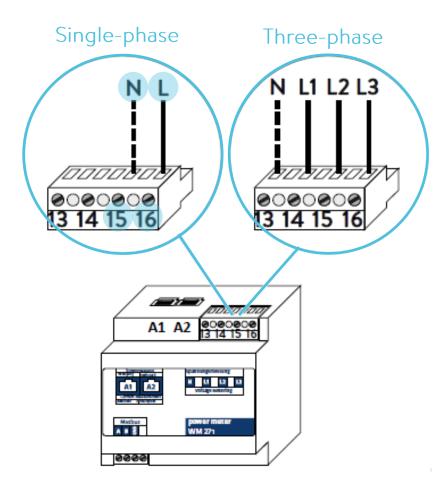
- In a <u>single-phase</u> setup, the other CTs can also be used to measure additional generators or loads respectively.
- Example: If two PV inverters are connected in a single- phase setup, CT#1 can be used for PV inverter #1 and CT#2 can be used for PV inverter #2.
 - Or clamp on one CT around the combined PV generation from both PV inverters.



PV Inverter #2



Voltage Reference Connections



The AC connection to the voltage terminal strip depends on the number of phases.

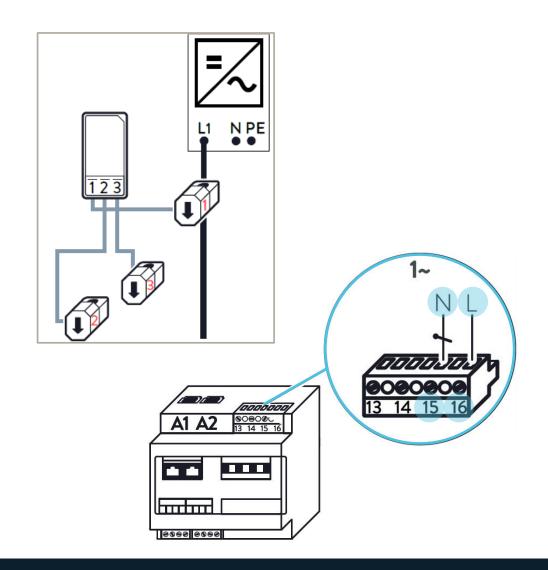
- For a three-phase system, the terminal strip must be wired using ports 13, 14, 15 and 16, as shown in the illustration.
- For a single-phase system, the terminal strip must be wired using ports 15 and 16.

Correct CT Placement

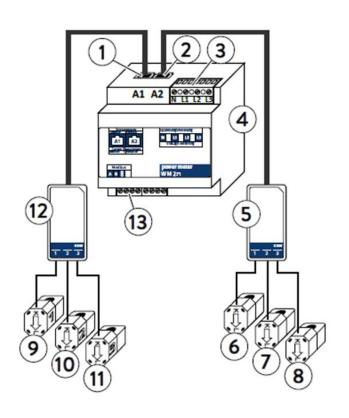
• Do not confuse the phases:

Power measurement only works if the current and voltage of the same phase are measured.

• Example: The clamp-on CT for L1 (marked with number 1) must be connected to phase L1. This phase L1 must also be connected to terminal L1 of the voltage measurement terminal strip on the Power Meter. Only then the correct power for phase L1 can be determined.



Extending CTs



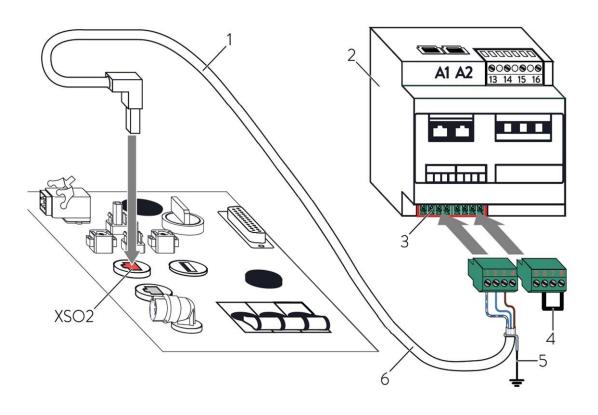


Extension of the route length via the cutting and extending of the CT wires is possible up to a maximum route length of 30 meters.

Note: Cutting and extending the CT wires is a modification of the supplied components and may in some circumstances invalidate the warranty;

Please contact the service support at sonnen Australia prior to extending the cables to seek written approval.

Modbus connection to sonnenBatterie



Measurement data is transmitted from the Power Meter to the storage system using the Modbus line.

Modbus line requirement:

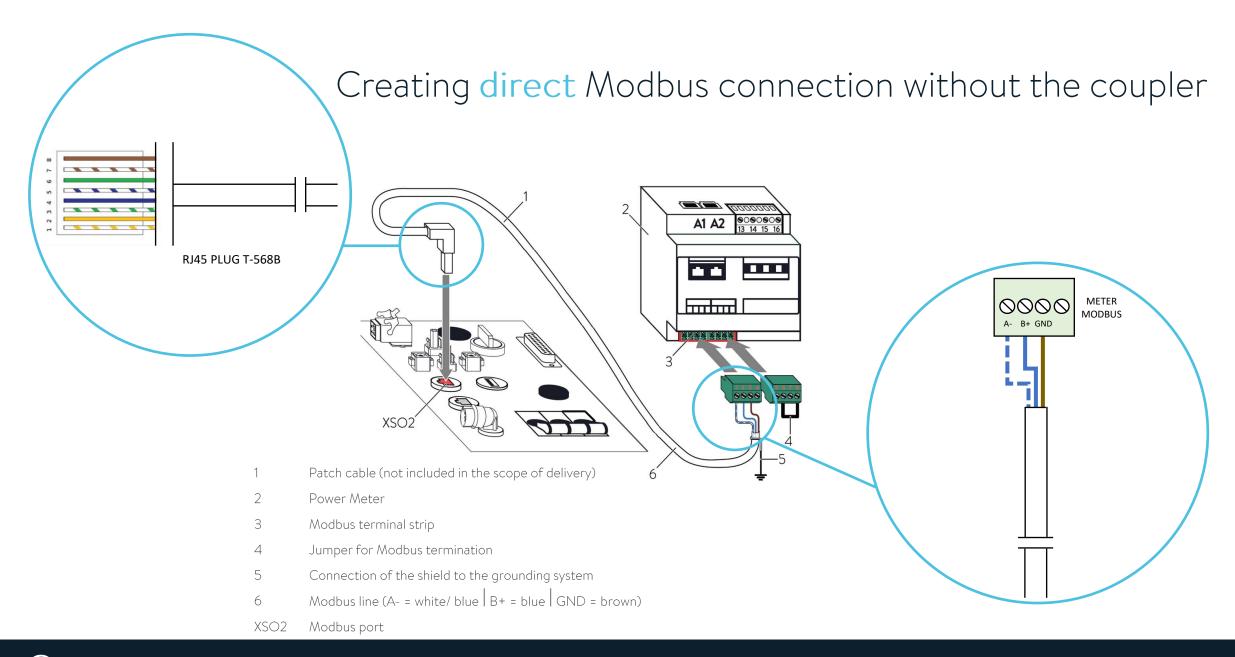
- > Category: Cat 5 e or 6
- > Shielded
- > Do not exceed 30 meters Modbus route length

Make <u>direct</u> Modbus connection from the Power Meter to sonnenBatterie system without using the coupler.

- 1 Patch cable (not included in the scope of delivery)
- 2 Power Meter
- 3 Modbus terminal strip
- 4 Jumper for Modbus termination

- 5 Connection of the shield to the grounding system
- 6 Modbus line (A- = white/ blue | B+ = blue | GND = brown)
- XSO2 Modbus port





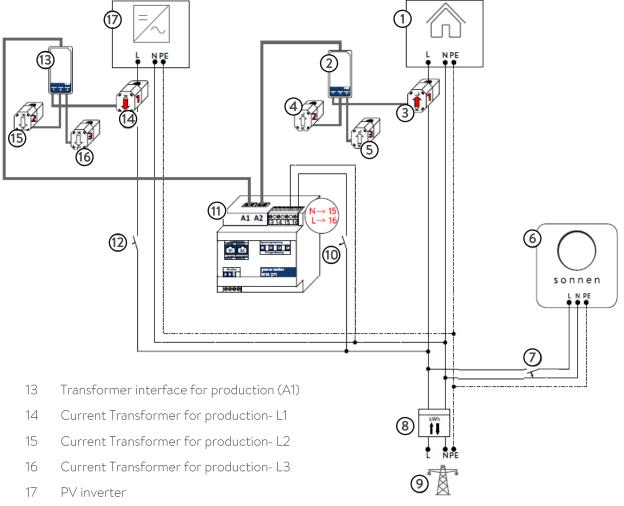
System Setup

Consumption Measurement

Concept:

- The power consumed by the loads is measured by the CTs.
- The power imported from the grid or fed into the grid is <u>not</u> measured; it is calculated.





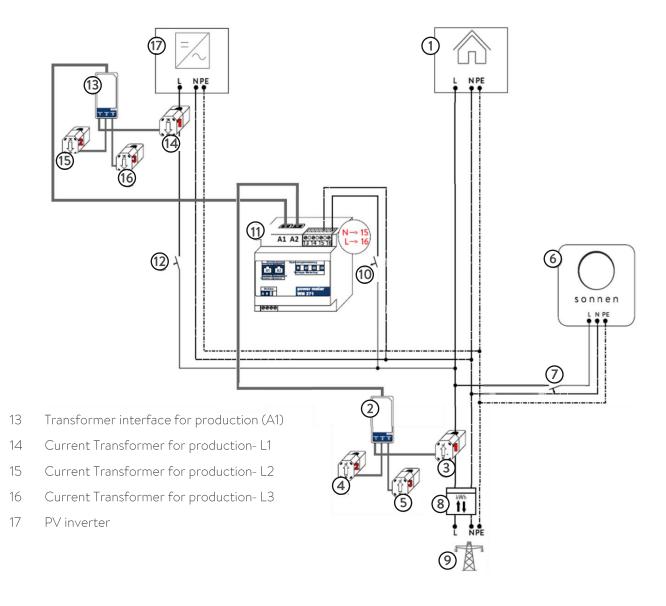
System Setup

Grid Measurement

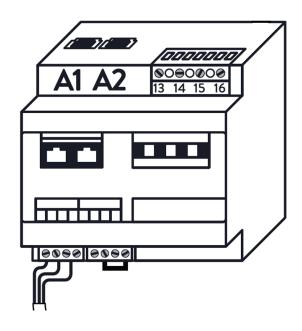
Concept:

- The power imported from the grid or fed into the grid is measured by the CTs.
- The power consumed by the loads is <u>not</u> measured; it is calculated.





Re-Programming the Power Meter Using the LCD Screen



The Power Meter is supplied for single-phase installations as standard.

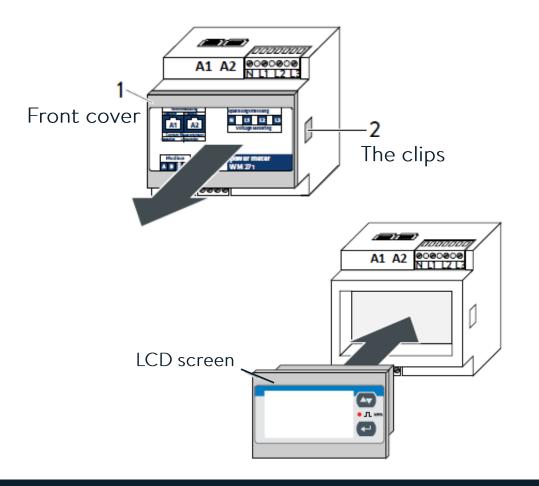
Power Meter can be re-programmed for three-phase or split phase installations using the LCD screen.

The required LCD screen can be purchased from sonnen Australia.





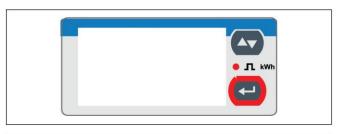
Re-Programming the Power Meter Using the LCD Screen



- ➤ Press the clips (2) on both sides of the power meter. You might use a small screwdriver.
- > Remove the front cover (1).

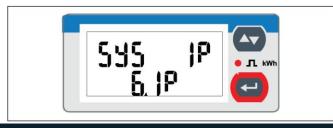
- Insert the touch display into the power meter.
- > Supply the power meter with energy.

Re-Programming the Power Meter Using the LCD Screen









- > Press for 3 seconds.
- ➤ The PASS ? screen appears.
- > Press for 3 seconds.
- ➤ The CnGPASS screen appears. The power meter is now in programming mode.
- > Press A once.
- > The SYS screen appears.
- > Press once.

Now it is possible to change the measuring point.

Re-Programming the Power Meter Using the LCD Screen









> Press twice until the setting 3P | 2.3P appears.

> Press for a longer period of time until the sign (1) disappears.

- > Press ten times.
- > The end screen appears.
- > Press once



The three-phase measuring mode is activated.

- > Remove the touch screen.
- Insert the front cover into the power meter.